Appendix 2 Private Rented Sector Offers Policy for Homeless Households

Section 1: Introduction

- 1. The Localism Act 2011 (sections 148 and 149) introduced provisions which enable the council to bring its statutory housing duty under section 193 of the Housing Act 1996 as amended (HA96) to an end, by making an offer of a private rented sector tenancy rather than a social housing tenancy.
- Amendments under the Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 extend the
 powers in the Housing Act 1996 to encourage local authorities to embed an
 approach to use private sector accommodation to discharge its Prevention
 Stage and Relief Stage duties to homeless households and households
 threatened by homelessness.
- 3. The aim of the Homelessness Reduction Act is to assist households with resolving their homelessness situation. Households that reject a private rented sector offer ("PRSO") during the Prevention Stage and Relief Stage would still have the same entitlement towards be assessed for a full housing duty.
- 4. This policy sets out the basis on which the council will use these powers.
- 5. The policy should be read in conjunction with:
 - The Temporary accommodation lettings framework this sets out how homeless households will be prioritised for private rented sector properties in different locations.
 - The Accommodation Procurement Policy for Homeless Households this sets out the council's approach to procuring private rented sector properties including those for PRSOs.

Section 2: Who private rented sector offers (PRSOs) will be made to

- 6. The council's policy is that a PRSO may be made to any homeless household where the law allows it.
- 7. Paragraphs 1 and 2 set out the legislative framework where this can be applied.
- 8. The council will use the powers set out in the Homelessness Reduction Act to make PRSO offers to Prevention Stage and Relief Stage homeless households.
- 9. The council will use the powers set out in the Localism Act to make PRSO offers to accepted cases i.e. statutory homeless households to which the council owes the full housing duty (Section 193 HA96). The number of households that will be made a PRSO each year will depend on the supply of suitable private rented sector properties.
- 10. The following groups will ordinarily be excluded from PRSOs:

- a. Households eligible for sheltered housing as it is unlikely that this type of housing can be provided in the private rented sector.
- b. Households that need wheelchair adapted properties as these can be hard to procure in the private rented sector.
- c. Any household which the council determines would be unable to manage a private rented sector tenancy.
- 11. Exceptions may also be made for other households in respect of whom there is a compelling reason why a PRSO would not be appropriate. A decision will be taken after a consideration of each household's individual circumstances.
- 12. The following general principles will apply when making private rented sector offers:
 - Two suitable offers will be made. Duty will be discharged to households that refuse the second suitable offer although households will have the right to challenge this through a statutory review.
 - Support to move may be offered. In the main this will focus on households that are relocating from London and will be tailored to the individual needs of each household and may include help to: transfer any care and support packages, access to employment support, enrol children in schools, and register with a GP and to access other local services. Support to other households that are not moving outside London may also be offered in some circumstances and the need for it will be assessed on a case by case basis.
 - The principles behind the accompanying TA Lettings Framework and the Accommodation Procurement Policy for Homeless Households will be applied when making private rented sector offers for available properties to appropriate households. Generally, this means we will only place households somewhere that is deemed suitable for them and we will seek to acquire properties within or as close to Islington as is possible.

Section 3: Reviewing and monitoring the policy

13. The policy will be reviewed after it has been in operation for twelve months and the outcome will be reported to the Executive.